Cheat Sheet for basic budget analysis	
Purpose and formulae for budget analysis tools	Excel Shortcuts
Tool 1:	You can pull the formula down
Percentage share of the total (priority)	if you type a \$ sign between the
	column letter and the row
Percentage share of total (%) = Amount / Total	number of the Total Budget, to
Budget*100	keep the total budget row
	constant. You can just pull the
	formula across without any
	changes.
Tool 2:	You can pull the formula down
Nominal growth in the budget (progress)	and across without any
	alterations (no \$ sign needed!)
Nominal growth rate $(\%) = (Y2 - Y1) / Y1*100$	
Tool 3:	You can pull the formula down
Adjusting for inflation (real figures)	if you type a \$ sign between the
	column letter and the row
Real Amount = Nominal Amount / Deflator	number of the deflator, to keep
	the deflator row constant. You
	can also pull the formula across
m 14	without any changes.
Tool 4:	You can pull the formula down
Real growth in the budget (process in real terms)	and across without any
	alterations (no \$ sign needed!)
Real growth rate (%) = $(Y2 - Y1) / Y1*100$	77
Tool 5:	You cannot pull this formula
Annual average growth (summary)	across to average growth rates
1 1 1 1 1 1 1	for a number of different years.
Average annual growth rate = Sum all growth rates /	You can, however, pull the
Number of growth rates summed	formula down to get the annual
	average growth rate over the
	same years, but for different
T-16	programmes / items.
Tool 6:	You can pull this formula
Per capita budgets (equity, adequacy and progress)	across, but only if the
Par conite hudget - Pudget / Population	population and the budget table
Per capita budget = Budget / Population Tool 7:	have the same format!
Percentage difference from average (equity)	You can pull the formula down if you type a \$ sign between the
resentage unicience from average (equity)	column letter and the row
% Difference - (per capita budget for sub area per	number of the per capita budget
% Difference = (per capita budget for sub-area – per capita budget for total area) / per capita budget for total	for the total area, to keep the
	total per capita budget row
area	constant. You can also pull the
	formula across without any
	changes.
	Please turn over

Please turn over

Tool 8: Real growth in per capita budgets (progress after adjusting for inflation and	See: - Adjusting for inflation (Tool 3) and
population growth) Real per capita budget = Nominal per capita / Deflator Real growth rates in per capita budgets = (Y2 - Y1) /	- Growth (Tool 4)
Y1*100 Tool 9:	You can generally pull the
Comparing budgets to costs (adequacy of budget in relation to costs and performance targets, efficiency & effectiveness)	formula down. However, always check the formats of the source tables and the table to be created or filled in. These must
Required budget = Average cost per unit of service* Number of outputs	have the same order!!!!
Number of outputs that are under- or over-funded = (Required budget - Actual budget) / average cost per unit of service	
Tool 10:	If expenditure figures are put in
Comparing budgets to expenditure	a column adjacent to the
(expenditure as % of the budget – efficiency)	column with budget figures, you can drag the formula down.
Expenditure as a % of the budget = Expenditure / Budget*100	

Notes:

- 1. A column is vertical (from top to bottom), and is indicated by a letter (A, B, C, etc) in Excel
- 2. A row goes from left to right (horizontal), and is indicated by a number (1, 2, 3, 4 etc.) in Excel.
- 3. ALWAYS check the formats of the tables. In order to be able to drag formulae, the order of the items and years needs to be the same in the reference or source table as in the table to be completed!
- 4. Easy trick: once you have ensured that the format of the table you want to fill in is the same as the source table, you can just copy the original table and replace the original figures with your formulae.